SENATE BILL 227 (LRB -2345)

An Act to amend 13.41 (3), (4) and (7), 166.05 (1) (title) and 166.05 (2); and to create 13.41, 13.42, 14.38 (10m) and 166.05 (1m) of the statutes; relating to: interim successors for legislators, meetings of the legislature and legislative committees, and temporary seat of government for the legislature.

2009

#UU2			
06-04.	S.	Introduced by JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.	
06-04.	S.	Read first time and referred to committee on Small Business, Emergency Preparedness, Technical	
		Colleges, and Consumer Protection	. 194
08-13.	S.	Public hearing held.	
09-02.	S.	Executive action taken.	
09-03.	S.	Report passage recommended by committee on Small Business, Emergency Preparedness, Technical	
		Colleges, and Consumer Protection, Ayes 3, Noes 2	. 274
09-03.	S.	Available for scheduling.	
09-16.	S.	Placed on calendar 9-22-2009 by committee on Senate Organization	. 308
09-22.	S.	Read a second time	. 318
09-22.	S.	Senate amendment 1 offered by Senator Hopper (LRB a0773)	. 318
09-22.	S.	Referred to committee on Senate Organization	. 318
09-22.	S.	Available for scheduling.	
2010			
02-15.	S.	Senate amendment 2 offered by Senator Jauch (LRB a1546)	560
02-15.	S.	Senate amendment 3 offered by Senator Jauch (LRB a1547)	. 560
02-18.	S.	Placed on calendar 2-23-2010 pursuant to Senate Rule 18(1)	572
02-23.	S.	Read a second time	. 580
02-23.	S.	Senate amendment 2 withdrawn and returned to author	. 580
02-23.	S.	Senate amendment 1 withdrawn and returned to author	. 580
02-23.	S.	Senate amendment 3 adopted	
02-23.	S.	Ordered to a third reading	. 580
02-23.	S.	Rules suspended	580
02-23.	S.	Read a third time and passed	580
02-23.	S.	Ordered immediately messaged	584
02-24.	Α.	Received from Senate	693
02-24.	A.	Read first time and referred to committee on Rules	693
03-02.	A.	Placed on calendar 3-4-2010 by committee on Rules.	
03-03.	A.	Assembly amendment 1 offered by Representatives Ballweg and Schneider (LRB a1681)	718
03-04.	A.	Read a second time	732
03-04.	A.	Assembly amendment 1 adopted	732
03-04.	A.	Ordered to a third reading	732
03-04.	A.	Rules suspended	. 733
03-04.	Α.	Read a third time and concurred in as amended	733
03-04.	Α.	Ordered immediately messaged	733
03-05.	S.	Received from Assembly amended and concurred in as amended, Assembly amendment I adopted	620
03-05.	S.	Available for scheduling.	
04-08.	S.	Placed on calendar 4-13-2010 pursuant to Senate Rule 18(1)	681
04-13.	S.	Placed on the calendar of 4-13-2010 following Senate Bill 530.	
04-13.	S.	Senate amendment 1 to Assembly amendment 1 offered by Senator Lazich (LRB a2166).	
04-13.	S.	Senate amendment 1 to Assembly amendment 1 rejected, Ayes 19, Noes 14.	
04-13.	S.	Assembly amendment I concurred in.	
04-13.	S.	Action ordered immediately messaged.	



2009 ENROLLED BILL

 $\mathbf{09en} \underline{\mathsf{S}} \mathbf{B} - \underline{\mathbf{227}}_{\vee}$

ADOPTED DOCUM	MENTS:		
💹 Orig 🗆 E	Engr SubA	amdt	09 - 2345/1
Amendments to ab	ove (if none, write "N	IONE"): <u>5A 3</u>	- a 1547/1 - a 1681/1
		AAI	_ a 1681/1
Corrections - show	v date (if none, write	"NONE"):/\bigcup	'one
Topic	2		
	4-14-10 Date		Mulle Enrolling Drafter



1

State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2345/1 RLR&RPN:cjs:rs

2009 SENATE BILL 227

June 4, 2009 – Introduced by Joint Legislative Council. Referred to Committee on Small Business, Emergency Preparedness, Technical Colleges, and Consumer Protection.

AN ACT *to amend* 13.41 (3), (4) and (7), 166.05 (1) (title) and 166.05 (2); and *to create* 13.41, 13.42, 14.38 (10m) and 166.05 (1m) of the statutes; **relating to:** interim successors for legislators, meetings of the legislature and legislative committees, and temporary seat of government for the legislature.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is explained in the ${\hbox{\scriptsize Notes}}$ provided by the Joint Legislative Council in the bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE: This bill was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council's special committee on emergency management and continuity of government. It includes provisions on: (1) emergency interim successors for legislators; (2) virtual meetings of the legislature; and (3) emergency temporary locations for the legislature.

Emergency Interim Successors

Current law provides a mechanism for appointment of emergency interim successors for the governor and a variety of state and local officers. However, current law does not provide a mechanism for appointment of emergency interim successors for legislators.

The bill provides that a legislator, as soon as practicable after the legislature convenes every 2 years, must file with the chief clerk for the legislator's house a list of not less than 3 nor more than 7 emergency interim successors. The list is not subject to inspection or copying under the open records law. If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are more than 9 vacancies in the Senate, or more than 25 vacancies in the Assembly, interim successors named in the list are to be appointed by the presiding officer or his or her designee in the house in which the threshold has been met to fill the vacancies. An interim emergency successor is required to exercise the powers and discharge the duties of the office until the vacancy is filled through an election or the emergency has ended. All votes taken by emergency interim successors are as valid as if taken by a legislator.

Under Article IV. Section 34, of the Wisconsin Constitution, the legislature is required to provide for continuity of governmental operations in periods of emergency resulting from enemy action in the form of an attack. The special committee has recommended a constitutional amendment that requires the legislature to ensure continuity in other types of emergencies. The bill provides that if such a constitutional amendment is ratified, the presiding officer shall appoint interim successor whenever the requisite number of vacancies exists.

Virtual Meetings

The bill would permit each house of the legislature, pursuant to its rules or joint rules, to issue a notice that the house and its committees are prevented from physically meeting at the seat of government due to a disaster. If a notice is issued, the house and any committee of the house may conduct a virtual meeting and transact business using any means of communication by which all of the following occur: (1) the identity of each participating member is verified and the actions of each participating member are authenticated; (2) all participating members are able to simultaneously hear or read the comments of members recognized to speak; (3) any document that is used by a member and that is accepted by the presiding officer or chairperson is immediately transmitted to the other participating members; and (4) the public has the opportunity to monitor the proceedings, within technological limits. In order for a joint committee of the legislature to hold a virtual meeting in the manner described above, each house would have to issue a notice of emergency. Exceptions to public notice of legislative proceedings or meetings and to public access are provided where the public welfare requires secrecy, as provided in Article IV, Section 10, of the Wisconsin Constitution.

Under the bill, a virtual meeting held in accordance with these requirements would be considered to have occurred at the seat of government and all actions taken at a virtual meeting would have the same legal effect as if the members were physically present at the seat of government. For purposes of determining the presence of a quorum to conduct business, any member participating in a virtual meeting would be considered present in the same manner as if physically present at the seat of government.

The bill provides that in presiding over a virtual meeting of a house of the legislature, the presiding officer must interpret and apply all rules of proceeding of that house which presume the physical presence of members in the house's chambers at the seat of government, in a manner so as to accomplish the same purposes for which the rules were adopted. Finally, the bill states that the language authorizing virtual meetings does not limit the authority of either house to use teleconferencing for purposes of holding a committee meeting at the seat of government.

Emergency Temporary Locations

Under current law, whenever during a state of emergency it becomes imprudent, inexpedient, or impossible to conduct the affairs of state government at the state capital, the governor is required to designate an emergency temporary location for the seat of government and to take such action and issue such orders as are necessary for an orderly transition of the affairs of state government to that location. While the seat of

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

government remains at a temporary location, all official acts required by law to be performed at the seat of government are as valid and binding when performed at the temporary location as if performed at the normal location.

This bill allows the legislature, by joint rule, to provide a process for designating an emergency temporary seat of government for the legislature that is different than the location designated by the governor. Under the bill, whenever, as the result of a disaster or the imminent threat of a disaster, it becomes imprudent, inexpedient, or impossible to conduct the business of the legislature at the state capital, the legislature may meet either at the location designated by the governor or the location designated by the legislature itself. Information about this location is not subject to inspection or copying under the open records law.

SECTION 1. 13.41 of the statutes is created to read:

SA3-2

13.41 Interim successors for legislators. (1) A legislator, as soon as practicable after the legislature convenes under s. 13.02 (1), shall file with the chief clerk for the legislator's house a list of not fewer than 3 nor more than 7 interim successors for the legislator and shall specify their order of succession. The legislator may update the list as often as the legislator wishes.

- (2) A list created under sub. (1) is not subject to inspection or copying under s. 19.35 (1).
- (3) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are more than 9 vacancies in the senate at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03, the presiding officer, or his or her designer, shall appoint interim successors to fill the vacancies from the list under sub (1) for the legislators whose seats are vacant, in the order of succession specified. The presiding officer may not appoint an interim successor who is unwilling unable, or ineligible under the constitution and statutes to serve as a legislator.
- (4) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are more than 25 vacancies in the assembly at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03, the presiding officer, or his or her designee, shall appoint interim successors to fill the vacancies from the list under sub. (1) for the legislators whose seats are vacant, in

SA3-2

the order of succession specified. The presiding officer may not appoint an interim successor who is unwilling, unable, or ineligible under the constitution and statutes to serve as a legislator.

- (5) Interim successors appointed under sub. (3) or (4) shall take the oath of office, but may not be required, as a prerequisite to the exercise of the powers or discharge of the duties of a legislator, to comply with any other provision of law relative to taking office.
- **(6)** The chief clerk of each house, or if he or she is unavailable, his or her deputy, shall notify the secretary of state of all vacancies that are filled by interim successors under this section.
- (7) An interim successor taking office under this section shall exercise the powers and discharge the duties of the office until the vacancy is filled under s. 17.19 or the emergency resulting from enemy action has ended. All votes taken by an interim successor shall be as valid as if taken by an elected legislator.
- **SECTION 2.** 13.41 (3), (4) and (7) of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), are amended to read:
- 13.41 (3) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are more than 9 vacancies in the senate at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03, the presiding officer, or his or her designee, shall appoint interim successors to fill the vacancies from the list under sub. (1) for the legislators whose seats are vacant, in the order of succession specified. The presiding officer may not appoint an interim successor who is unwilling, unable, or ineligible under the constitution and statutes to serve as a legislator.
- (4) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are more than 25 vacancies in the assembly at the same time, as determined under 5. 17.03, the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

9 (SA 3.2

presiding officer, or his or her designee, shall appoint interim successors to fill the vacancies from the list under sub. (1) for the legislators whose seats are vacant, in the order of succession specified. The presiding officer may not appoint an interim successor who is unwilling, unable, or ineligible under the constitution and statutes to serve as a legislator.

- (7) An interim successor taking office under this section shall exercise the powers and discharge the duties of the office until the vacancy is filled under s. 17.19 or the emergency resulting from enemy action has ended. All votes taken by an
- interim successor shall be as valid as if taken by an elected legislator

SECTION 3. 13.42 of the statutes is created to read:

INS. AA1-2

13.42 Virtual meetings of the legislature and legislative committees.

- (1) In this section:
- (a) "Disaster" means a severe or prolonged, natural or human-caused, occurrence that threatens or negatively impacts life, health, property, infrastructure, the environment, the security of this state or a portion of this state, or critical systems, including computer, telecommunications, or agricultural systems.
 - (b) "Member" means a member of the legislature.
- (2) Either house of the legislature, under its rules or joint rules, may issue a notice that the house and its committees are prevented from physically meeting at the seat of government due to an emergency resulting from a disaster or the imminent threat of a disaster.
- (3) If a house issues a notice under sub. (2), that house and any committee of that house may conduct a meeting and transact business through the use of any means of communication by which all of the following occur:

- (a) The identity of each participating member may be verified, and the actions of each participating member may be authenticated, in a manner satisfactory to the presiding officer or committee chairperson.
- (b) During the meeting, all participating members may simultaneously hear or read the comments of each member who is recognized by the presiding officer or committee chairperson.
- (c) Any document that is used during the meeting by a member and that is accepted by the presiding officer or committee chairperson is immediately transmitted to each participating member.
- (d) Except as provided in sub. (8), within technological limits, the public may monitor the proceedings of the house or committee.
- (4) In order to hold a meeting of a joint committee in the manner provided under sub. (3), each house of the legislature shall issue a notice of emergency under sub. (2).
- (5) For purposes of article IV, section 11, of the Wisconsin Constitution, a meeting held under sub. (3) or (10) shall be considered to have occurred at the seat of government and all actions taken during the meeting shall have the same legal effect as if the members were physically present at the seat of government.
- **(6)** For purposes of determining the presence of a quorum in proceedings or meetings held under this section, any participating member shall be considered present as if the member were physically present at the seat of government.
- (7) Except as provided in sub. (8), a meeting held under sub. (3) or (10) shall be preceded by the same or substantially equivalent public notice as would be required if the members were physically present at the seat of government.

1	(8) Subsections (3) (d) and (7) do not apply with respect to a meeting held under
2	sub. (3), if pursuant to article IV, section 10, of the Wisconsin Constitution, the public
3	welfare requires secrecy.
4	(9) In presiding over a meeting of a house of the legislature described under
5	sub. (3) or (10), the presiding officer shall interpret and apply all rules of proceeding
6	of that house that presume the physical presence of members in the house's
7	chambers at the seat of government, in such a manner as to accomplish the same
8	purposes for which the rules were adopted.
9	(10) Notwithstanding the requirement for a notice of emergency under sub. (2),
10	and pursuant to the session schedule under s. 13.02 (3), the legislature may meet for
11	up to one week per session by holding a meeting as described under sub. (3) in order
12	to practice meeting in that manner.
13	(11) This section does not limit the authority of either house of the legislature
14	to use teleconferencing for purposes of holding a committee meeting at the seat of
15	government.
16	Section 4. 14.38 (10m) of the statutes is created to read:
17	14.38 (10m) Notification of constitutional amendment. If an amendment to
18	the Wisconsin Constitution is approved that requires the legislature to provide for
19	temporary succession to the powers and duties of public offices for the period of an
20	emergency resulting from a cause other than an enemy action, within 30 days after
21	the government accountability board records the approval under s. 7.70 (3) (h), notify
22	the legislature that the amendment has been approved.
23	Section 5. 166.05 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	166.05 (1) (title) Designation of emergency temporary location by the
25	<u>GOVERNOR</u> .

SENA

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

TE BILL 227	Section 6

SECTION 6.	166.05	(1m) of the	statutes is	created t	to read:
------------	--------	-------------	-------------	-----------	----------

166.05 (1m) Designation of temporary location by the legislature. (a) The legislature, by joint rule, may provide a process for designating a temporary seat of government for the legislature that is different than the location under sub. (1).

- (b) Whenever, as the result of a disaster, as defined in s. 13.42 (1) (a), or the imminent threat of a disaster, it becomes imprudent, inexpedient, or impossible to conduct the business of the legislature at the state capital, the legislature may meet at the temporary location designated as provided under par. (a) or sub. (1) until it is no longer, as a result of the disaster or imminent threat of disaster, imprudent, inexpedient, or impossible, to conduct the business of the legislature at the state capital.
- (c) Pursuant to the session schedule under s. 13.02 (3), the legislature may meet for up to one week per session in a location that is not the state capital or the temporary location designated as provided under par. (a) or sub. (1) to practice meeting at a temporary location.
- (d) Information about the temporary location designated as provided under par. (a) is not subject to inspection or copying under s. 19.35 (1).

Section 7. 166.05 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

166.05 (2) EXERCISE OF GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY. While the seat of government remains at such a temporary location all official acts required by law to be performed at the seat of government by any officer, independent agency, department, or authority of this state, including the convening and meeting of the legislature in regular or special session under sub. (1) or (1m) (b) or (c), shall be as valid and binding when performed at such emergency the temporary location as if performed at the normal location.

543-2

1 Section 8. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows: 2 (1) INTERIM SUCCESSORS FOR LEGISLATORS. The amendment of section 13.41 (3), 3 (4), and (7) of the statutes takes effect on the day after the secretary of state notifies 4 the legislature that an amendment to the Wisconsin Constitution has been approved 5 that requires the legislature to provide for temporary succession to the powers and 6 7 duties of public offices for the period of an emergency resulting from a coal INSERT than an enemy action 9 (END)



State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRBa1547/1 RPN:kjf:jf

SENATE AMENDMENT 3, TO 2009 SENATE BILL 227

February 15, 2010 - Offered by Senator JAUCH.

NOT GIVEN EFFECT BECAUSE OF AAI-I

At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:

1. Page 1, line 3: delete "interim successors for legislators,".

2. Page 3, line 1: delete the material beginning with that line and ending with page 5, line 9.

3. Page 9, line 1: delete lines 1 to 8.

(END)



State of Wisconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRBa1681/1 RLR&RPN:jld&wlj:jf

ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT 1, TO 2009 SENATE BILL 227

March 3, 2010 – Offered by Representatives Ballweg and Schneider.

AA1-1 1 At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows: 1. Page 1, line 3: before "meetings" insert (interim successors for legislators) 2 3 **2.** Page 5, line 10: before that line insert: SECTION 2m. 13.41 of the statutes is created to read: 5 **13.41 Interim successors for legislators.** (1) (a) If, during an emergency 6 resulting from enemy action, there are 9 or more vacancies in the senate at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03, the senate leader of each political party, as 7 specified in pars. (b) and (c), shall, for each vacant senate seat that was last held by 8 9 a member of his or her party, do all of the following: 10 1. Request that the state chairperson of the party solicit nominations for an 11 interim successor from the county chairpersons of the party in each county that is 12 at least partially within the senate district.

	The state of the s
1	2. Request that the state chairperson of the party select at least 3 and not more
2	than 5 potential interim successors from the nominees under subd. 1.
3	3. Request that the state chairperson of the party submit the names of the
4	potential interim successors selected under subd. 2. to the senate leader of the party
5	within 7 days after the date on which the 9th vacancy occurred.
6	4. Within 14 days after the 9th vacancy occurred, appoint an interim successor
7	from the list of potential interim successors submitted under subd. 3.
8	(b) The person holding the highest position, ranked in the following order, that
9	is not vacant, is the senate leader for the majority party under par. (a):
10	1. The senate majority leader.
11	2. The president of the senate.
12	3. The president pro tempore of the senate.
13	4. The assistant senate majority leader.
14	5. The senate majority caucus chairperson.
15	6. The senate majority caucus vice chairperson.
16	7. The senate majority caucus sergeant at arms.
17	(c) The person holding the highest position, ranked in the following order, that
18	is not vacant, is the senate leader for the minority party under par. (a):
19	1. The senate leader of the party.
20	2. The senate assistant leader of the party.
21	3. The senate caucus chairperson of the party.
22	4. The senate caucus vice chairperson of the party.
23	5. The senate caucus sergeant at arms of the party.
24	(2) (a) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are 25 or
25	more vacancies in the assembly at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03, the

AA1-2

1	assembly leader of each political party, as specified in pars. (b) and (c), shall, for each
2	vacant assembly seat that was last held by a member of his or her party, do all of the
3	following:
4	1. Request that the state chairperson of the party solicit nominations for an
5	interim successor from the county chairpersons of the party in each county that is
6	at least partially within the assembly district.
7	2. Request that the state chairperson of the party select at least 3 and not more
8	than 5 potential interim successors from the nominees under subd. 1.
9	3. Request that the state chairperson of the party submit the names of the
10	potential interim successors selected under subd. 2. to the assembly leader of the
11	party within 7 days after the date on which the 25th vacancy occurred.
12	4. Within 14 days after the 25th vacancy occurred, appoint an interim successor
13	from the list of potential interim successors submitted under subd. 3.
14	(b) The person holding the highest position, ranked in the following order, that
15	is not vacant, is the assembly leader for the majority party under par. (a):
16	1. The speaker of the assembly.
17	2. The assembly majority leader.
18	3. The speaker pro tempore of the assembly.
19	4. The assistant assembly majority leader.
20	5. The assembly majority caucus chairperson.
21	6. The assembly majority caucus vice chairperson.
22	7. The assembly majority caucus secretary.
23	8. The assembly majority caucus sergeant at arms.
24	(c) The person holding the highest position, ranked in the following order, that
25	is not vacant, is the assembly leader for a minority party under par. (a):

741.2

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	İ
9	
10	
11	
12	- Commence
13	
14	
15	
16	Polyments.
17	
18	
19	Ì
20	
21	
22	

23

1.	The	assembly	leader	of the	party.
					FJ.

- 2. The assembly assistant leader of the party.
- 3. The assembly caucus chairperson of the party.
- 4. The assembly caucus vice chairperson of the party.
- 5. The assembly caucus secretary of the party.
- 6. The assembly caucus sergeant at arms of the party.
- (3) The senate and assembly political party leaders may not appoint an interim successor who is unwilling, unable, or ineligible under the constitution and the statutes to serve as a legislator.
- **(4)** Interim successors appointed under sub. (1) or (2) shall take the oath of office immediately upon appointment, but may not be required, as a prerequisite to the exercise of the powers or discharge of the duties of a legislator, to comply with any other provision of law relative to taking office.
- (5) The chief clerk of each house, or if he or she is unavailable, his or her deputy, shall notify the secretary of state of all vacancies that are filled by interim successors under this section.
- (6) An interim successor taking office under this section shall exercise the powers and discharge the duties of the office until the vacancy is filled under s. 17.19. All votes taken by an interim successor shall be as valid as if taken by an elected legislator.
- **SECTION 2r.** 13.41 (1) (a) (intro.) and (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), are amended to read:
- 13.41 **(1)** (a) (intro.) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are 9 or more vacancies in the senate at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03,

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

AA1-2

(2) (a) (intro.) If, during an emergency resulting from enemy action, there are 25 or more vacancies in the assembly at the same time, as determined under s. 17.03, the assembly leader of each political party shall, for each vacant assembly seat that was last held by a member of his or her party, do all of the following.

3. Page 9, line 9: before that line insert:

SECTION 8m. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:

(1) Interim successors for legislators. The amendment of section 13.41 (1) (a) (intro.) and (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes takes effect on the day after the secretary of state notifies the legislature that an amendment to the Wisconsin Constitution has been approved that requires the legislature to provide for temporary succession to the powers and duties of public offices for the period of an emergency resulting from a cause other than an enemy action."

(END)